



# 2005 Drinking Water Quality Report

## RRA - KIRKLAND-LAZARE WATER SYSTEM

**Red River Authority of Texas**

P. O. Box 240

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(940) 723-8697

### **OUR DRINKING WATER MEETS OR EXCEEDS ALL FEDERAL (EPA) DRINKING WATER REQUIREMENTS**

This report is a summary of the quality of the water we provide our customers. The analysis was made by using the data from the most recent U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) required tests and is presented in the attached pages. We hope this information helps you become more knowledgeable about what's in your drinking water.

#### **Special Notice for the ELDERLY, INFANTS, CANCER PATIENTS, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune problems:**

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

#### **En Espanol**

Este reporte incluye informacion importante sobre el agua para tomar. Si tiene preguntas o discusiones sobre este reporte en espanol, favor de llamar al tel. (940) 723-8697 par hablar con una persona bilingue en espanol.

#### **WHERE DO WE GET OUR DRINKING WATER?**

The **RRA-Kirkland-Lazare Water System** utilizes surface water from Greenbelt Lake as its sole source supply. Treated surface water is purchased from the Greenbelt Municipal and Industrial Water Authority (GMIWA), who owns and operates Greenbelt Lake. After treating the raw water from Greenbelt Lake through its treatment facilities, GMIWA transports the water to its customer entities located along a pipeline stretching from just north of Clarendon, Texas southeast to Crowell, Texas. The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) has completed a Source Water Susceptibility Assessment for all drinking water systems that own their source(s). This report describes the susceptibility and types of constituents that may come into contact with your drinking water source based on human activities and natural conditions. The system(s) from which we purchase our water received the assessment report. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts for our system contact Henry C. Wied at (940) 723-8697.

## **ALL DRINKING WATER MAY CONTAIN CONTAMINANTS**

When drinking water meets federal standards there may not be any health based benefits to purchasing bottled water or point of use devices. Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

## **PUBLIC PARTICIPATION OPPORTUNITIES**

The Authority's Board of Directors regularly meets on the third Wednesday of January, April, July, and September of each year. Specific times and locations of these and/or any special meetings can be obtained by contacting the Authority at (940) 723-8697.

For more information about the water quality of your water system, public participation programs, water conservation programs, and/or general operations policies, call (940) 723-8697 or e-mail the Authority at: [info@rra.dst.tx.us](mailto:info@rra.dst.tx.us). For service requests or reporting leaks after normal business hours, contact your District Manager, Mr. Larry Hines at (940) 663-5122 or Mr. Tim Altman at (940) 937-3251.

## **SYSTEM INFORMATION**

The Red River Authority of Texas owns and operates 29 registered public water supply systems through its Utility Division. The Utility Division maintains over 2,150 miles of transmission lines, two surface water treatment plants, 65 pumping facilities and serves approximately 10,000 customers residing in a 15 county area of the Red River Basin. The Utility Division is subdivided into geographical districts for proper management, maintenance, and financial accounting of individual systems.

The **RRA-Kirkland-Lazare Water System** is one of the water systems operated by the Utility Division's District 12. In 2005, the system served 70 active connections with an average water use of 225 gallons per day per connection.

The primary use of the water was rural domestic. No major capital improvement items were scheduled for 2005.

The Authority maintains a Water Conservation and

Drought Contingency Plan for the Utility Division. Information on the plan is available on the Authority's web page at [www.rra.dst.tx.us](http://www.rra.dst.tx.us) or can be obtained by calling (940) 723-8697.

## **DEFINITIONS:**

### **Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) –**

The highest level of a contaminant in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

### **Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) –**

The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected health risk. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

### **Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) –**

The highest level of disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

### **Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)**

The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contamination.

### **Treatment Technique (TT) –**

A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

### **Action Level (AL) –**

The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

**NTU** – Nephelometric Turbidity Units

**MFL** – million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)

**pCi/L** – picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

**ppm** – parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

**ppb** – parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (ug/L)

**ppt** – parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter

**ppq** – parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter

## **SECONDARY CONSTITUENTS**

Many constituents (such as calcium, sodium, or iron) which are often found in drinking water, can cause taste, color, and odor problems. The taste and odor constituents are called secondary constituents and are regulated by the State of Texas, not the EPA. These constituents are not causes for health concerns. Therefore, secondaries are not required to be reported in this document, but they may greatly affect the appearance and taste of your water.

**ABOUT THE FOLLOWING TABLES**

U.S. EPA requires water systems to test up to 97 constituents. The attached table contains all of the federally regulated or monitored constituents which have been found in your drinking water.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level**

| Year | Disinfectant        | Average Level | Minimum Level | Maximum Level | MRDL | MRDLG | Unit of Measure | Source of Disinfectant                 |
|------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------|-------|-----------------|--|
| 2005 | Chloramine Residual | 1.43          | 1             | 1.9           | 4    | 4     | ppm             | Disinfectant used to control microbes. |

**Disinfection Byproducts**

| Year | Contaminant            | Average Level | Minimum Level | Maximum Level | MCL | Unit of Measure | Source of Contaminant                     |
|------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----|-----------------|---|
| 2005 | Total Haloacetic Acids | 42.8          | 42.8          | 42.8          | 60  | ppb             | Byproduct of drinking water disinfection. |
| 2005 | Total Trihalomethanes  | 81.2          | 81.2          | 81.2          | 80  | ppb             | Byproduct of drinking water disinfection. |

**Unregulated Contaminants - NOT REPORTED OR NONE DETECTED**

**Lead and Copper**

| Year | Contaminant | The 90 <sup>th</sup> Percentile | Number of Sites Exceeding Action Level | Action Level | Unit of Measure | Source of Constituent   |
|------|-------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------|-----------------|---|
| 2003 | Lead        | 4.8                             | 0                                      | 15           | ppb             | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits.                                   |
| 2003 | Copper      | 0.809                           | 0                                      | 1.3          | ppm             | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives. |

**Turbidity - NOT REQUIRED**

**Total Coliform - REPORTED MONTHLY TESTS FOUND NO COLIFORM BACTERIA**

**Fecal Coliform - REPORTED MONTHLY TESTS FOUND NO FECAL COLIFORM BACTERIA**

**Inorganic Contaminants - NOT TESTED OR REPORTED, OR NONE DETECTED**

**Organic Contaminants - TESTING WAIVED, NOT REPORTED, OR NONE DETECTED**

**Secondary and Other Constituents Not Regulated - NOT REPORTED OR NONE DETECTED**

(No associated adverse health effects)